# U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY POLLUTION/SITUATION REPORT

Morris Lithium Battery Fire - Removal Polrep Final Removal Polrep



# UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Region V

Subject: POLREP #21

**Final POLREP** 

Morris Lithium Battery Fire

C5TN

Morris, IL

Latitude: 41.3631780 Longitude: -88.4120145

To: Doug Ballotti, EPA R5

Tom Short, EPA R5 Sam Borries, EPA R5 Jason El-Zein, EPA R5 Mike Ribordy, EPA R5 HQ EOC, EPA HQ Jamie Getz, EPA R5 Rachel Linduska, EPA R5 Mark Johnson, ATSDR Todd Goeks, NOAA

Robert Burr, U.S. Department of Interior Michael Salviati, USCG MSU Chicago

Darryl Dragoo, FEMA Jerry Willman, Illinois EPA Bobby Elzie, Illinois EPA Tom Rivera, Illinois EPA Todd Rettig, Illinois DNR John Kim, Illinois EPA

Harold Damron, Will County EMA Thomas Casey, Will County Health Joe Shroeder, Grundy County EMA Michelle Pruim, Grundy County Health Dept Tracey Steffes, Morris Fire Department Alicia Steffes, Morris Police Department

Julie Armitage, Illinois EPA

From: Leonard Zintak, On-Scene Coordinator

Date: 9/14/2021

**Reporting Period:** 8/28/2021 - 9/13/2021

#### 1. Introduction

## 1.1 Background

Site Number: C5TN Contract Number: EP-S4-16-02 (ERRS)

 D.O. Number:
 68HE0521F0104
 Action Memo Date:
 7/23/2021

 Response Authority:
 CERCLA
 Response Type:
 Emergency

 Response Lead:
 EPA
 Incident Category:
 Removal Action

NPL Status: Non NPL Operable Unit:

 Mobilization Date:
 6/29/2021
 Start Date:
 6/29/2021

 Demob Date:
 9/13/2021
 Completion Date:
 9/13/2021

CERCLIS ID: ILN000520733 RCRIS ID:

ERNS No.: State Notification: 6/29/2021

FPN#: Reimbursable Account #:

# 1.1.1 Incident Category

Emergency Response. This is the Final POLREP for the Emergency Response Phase.

# 1.1.2 Site Description

The site is located at East and Benton Streets in Morris, Grundy County, Illinois. At approximately 12:00 pm on June 29th, Morris Fire Department responded to a fire at the old Federal Paper Board building, now owned by Superior Battery Inc., which was being used to store a large quantity of lithium batteries, solar panels and other waste electronics. Over 184,000 lbs. of lithium batteries are thought to have been stored in the building. Because the fire contains lithium, the Morris Fire Department initially made the decision to let the fire burn itself out. Water and fire fighting foam can accelerate the fire and cause environmental damage.

## 1.1.2.1 Location

East and Benton Streets, Morris, Grundy County, Illinois

# 1.1.2.2 Description of Threat

The Superior Battery building housed several tons of lithium batteries that have been partially consumed in the fire. The smoke plume threatened to release contaminants into the atmosphere potentially exposing nearby residents to hazardous substances including particulates, metals, and volatile organics.

#### 1.1.3 Preliminary Removal Assessment/Removal Site Inspection Results

On-Scene Coordinators (OSCs) Leonard Zintak and Lauren McCarrell mobilized to the site on June 29, 2021. On June 29, 2021, at approximately 14:00 hours, EPA mobilized the Superfund Technical Assessment and Response Team (START) to respond to the incident.

According to the Morris Fire Chief, the fire was discovered at approximately 1200 hours on June 29, 2021. The Grundy County Emergency Management Agency ordered an emergency evacuation of residents within a 1/2 mile radius of the site. The evacuation order was lifted on 7/2/2021.

#### 2. Current Activities

#### 2.1 Operations Section

#### 2.1.1 Narrative

2.1.2 Response Actions to Date

#### September 14, 2021 Update

This is the Final POLREP for the Emergency Response Phase of the incident. An Administrative Settlement Agreement and Order on Consent (ASAOC) has been signed and a Potentially Responsible Party (PRP) lead Time-Critical Removal Action will be initiated at the Site. The effective date of the Order is 9/14/2021.

#### August 21 - August 27

U.S. EPA continues monitoring of the site and is providing guidance and support to the Morris Fire Department and local, state and federal agencies. Planning for a PRP or EPA-lead cleanup at the site remains ongoing. A cleanup will begin when consent for access is received from the site property owner. Sampling will be conducted periodically in the neighborhood around the site as needed. A visual structural inspection of the building was conducted on 8/2/21 and a more thorough structural evaluation of the building will occur when access for cleanup is received from the site property owner. The collapse of a wall or part of the roof as a result of high winds, heavy rainfall, or snowfall could re-ignite the lithium batteries in the building. Air monitoring data is posted in the Documents section.

#### August 7 - August 20

U.S. EPA continues monitoring of the site and is providing guidance and support to the Morris Fire Department and local, state and federal agencies. Planning for a PRP or EPA-lead cleanup at the site continues. Air sampling will be conducted periodically in the neighborhood around the site. A visual structural inspection of the building was conducted on 8/2/21. A more thorough structural evaluation of the building will occur when access for cleanup is received from the site property owner. The collapse of a wall or part of the roof, or heavy rainfall could re-ignite the lithium batteries in the building. Air monitoring data is posted in the Documents section.

#### July 31-August 6

U.S. EPA continues monitoring of the site and is providing guidance and support to the Morris Fire Department and local, state and federal agencies. Air sampling will be conducted periodically in the neighborhood around the site. Planning for a cleanup continues. As part of the emergency response action at the site, a structural engineer (ERRS subcontractor) was on site on 8/2/21 with U.S. EPA, the Morris Fire Dept., and the City Engineer to conduct a visual inspection of the building from outside the building. At this time most of the building is structurally stable. During the cleanup, parts of the brick/concrete block walls will need to be removed to ensure the safety of the crew. The area where the roof has collapsed will be fenced off to restrict access during the cleanup work. A more thorough structural evaluation will occur when access for cleanup is received from the property owner. The collapse of a wall or part of the roof could re-ignite the lithium batteries in the building. Air monitoring data is posted in the Documents section.

### July 28-July 30

U.S. EPA continues daytime monitoring of air quality through today and is providing guidance and support to the Morris Fire Department and local, state and federal agencies. The air quality around the perimeter of the site and in the surrounding neighborhood is good. Occasional particulate monitor exceedances occur in upwind monitoring locations due to sources including local traffic and the western wildfires, or when the relative humidity is very high. The daytime roving air monitoring at eight locations around the site will end today and will resume when the cleanup begins or as needed. Air sampling will be conducted periodically in the neighborhood around the site. Planning for a cleanup continues. As part of the emergency response action at the site, a structural engineer (ERRS subcontractor) will be on site on 8/2/21 with U.S. EPA, the Morris Fire Dept., and the City Engineer to conduct a visual inspection of the building from outside the building. There are concerns that portions of the building may be structurally unstable. The collapse of a wall or part of the roof could re-ignite the lithium batteries in the building. Air monitoring data is being posted in the Documents section as it becomes available.

#### July 23-July 27

U.S. EPA continues daytime monitoring of air quality and is providing guidance and support to the Morris Fire Department and local, state and federal agencies. The air quality around the perimeter of the site and in the surrounding neighborhood is good. Occasional particulate monitor exceedances occur in upwind monitoring locations due to sources including local traffic and the western wildfires, or when the relative humidity is very high. We have transitioned to daytime roving air monitoring at eight locations around the site on a 12-hr/day basis. This monitoring phase of the response will continue until site access is received from the property owner and the cleanup can begin. Air sampling will be conducted periodically in the neighborhood surrounding the site. Fire watch from outside the fence line of the site also continues during daytime hours. Planning for a cleanup continues. Air monitoring data is being posted in the Documents section as it becomes available.

#### July 19-July 22

U.S. EPA continues daytime monitoring of air quality and is providing guidance and support to the Morris Fire Department and local, state and federal agencies. The air quality around the perimeter of the site and in the surrounding neighborhood is good. Occasional particulate monitor exceedances occur due to upwind sources or when the relative humidity is high. We have transitioned to daytime roving air monitoring at eight locations around the site on a 12-hr/day basis. This monitoring phase of the response will continue until site access is received from the property owner and the cleanup can begin. Air sampling will be conducted periodically in the neighborhood surrounding the site. Air sampling around the perimeter of the site is being conducted today. Fire watch from outside the fence line of the site also continues during daytime hours. Planning for a cleanup continues. Air monitoring data is being posted in the Documents section as it becomes available.

# July 15-July 18

U.S. EPA continues 24-hr monitoring of air quality and is providing guidance and support to the Morris Fire Department and local, state and federal agencies. The air quality around the perimeter of the site and in the surrounding neighborhood is good. Occasional humidity related particulate monitor exceedances occur especially at night when the relative humidity is high. We have transitioned to roving air monitoring. The stationary monitors at the site fence line were removed and mobile/roving monitoring is being conducted at eight locations around the site on a 24-hr basis. This

monitoring phase of the response will continue until site access is received from the property owner and the cleanup can begin. Air sampling will be conducted periodically in the neighborhood surrounding the site. Fire watch from outside the fence line of the site also continues on a 24-hr basis. Planning for a cleanup continues. Air monitoring data is being posted in the Documents section as it becomes available.

#### July 14

U.S. EPA continues 24-hr monitoring of air quality and is providing guidance and support to the Morris Fire Department and local, state and federal agencies. The air quality around the perimeter of the site and in the surrounding neighborhood is good. Today we are transitioning to roving air monitoring. The stationary monitors at the site fence line are being removed and mobile/roving monitoring will be conducted on a 24-hr basis. This roving monitoring will occur at the site perimeter and in the surrounding neighborhood. Another round of air sampling was completed today. Planning for a cleanup continues. Air monitoring data continues to be posted in the Documents section.

#### **July 13**

U.S. EPA continues 24-hr monitoring of air quality and is providing guidance and support to the Morris Fire Department and local, state and federal agencies. The air quality around the perimeter of the site and in the surrounding neighborhood is good. Monitoring of the batteries inside the building continues. Planning for a cleanup continues. Air monitoring data continues to be posted in the Documents section.

#### July 11

U.S. EPA continues 24-hr monitoring of air quality and is providing guidance and support to the Morris Fire Department and local, state and federal agencies. The air quality around the perimeter of the site and in the surrounding neighborhood is good. Rainfall could cause the water reactive lithium batteries to react or reignite. Monitoring of these batteries will continue. Planning for a cleanup continues. Air monitoring data continues to be posted in the Documents section.

#### **July 10**

U.S. EPA continues 24-hr monitoring of air quality and is providing guidance and support to the Morris Fire Department and local, state and federal agencies. The air quality around the perimeter of the site and in the surrounding neighborhood is good. Today, U.S. EPA in coordination with the Fire Dept, is securing the opening in the SE corner of the building to protect the area from rain and trespassing. The hot spot in the SE corner appears to be extinguished. Monitoring of the former hotspot areas will continue. Planning for a cleanup continues. Air monitoring data continues to be posted in the Documents section.

#### July 9

U.S. EPA continues 24-hr monitoring of air quality and providing guidance and support to the Morris Fire Department and local, state and federal agencies. The air quality around the perimeter of the site and in the surrounding neighborhood is good. Today, U.S. EPA provided support to the Fire department by removing part of an unstable brick/concrete wall near a smoldering hotspot inside the building. The Fire Department then took actions to continue to extinguish the south hotspot inside the building. Planning for a cleanup continues. The IEPA continues to monitor the outfall at the I&M Canal. Air monitoring data continues to be posted in the Documents section.

#### July 8

U.S. EPA continues to monitor air quality and to provide guidance and support to the Morris Fire Department and local, state and federal agencies. The air quality around the perimeter of the site and in the surrounding neighborhood is good. The Morris Fire Department has requested U.S. EPA's support tomorrow (Friday) in removing part of an unstable brick/concrete wall in the south east part of the building near a smoldering hotspot inside the building. This action is part of the emergency firefighting phase of the incident. On Saturday, the Fire Department plans to apply water to extinguish the hotspot. Illinois EPA has requested US EPA assistance in conducting a time-critical removal action at the site. Planning for a cleanup is underway. The Illinois EPA continues to monitor the storm sewer outfall at the I&M Canal. Air monitoring data continues to be posted in the Documents section.

#### 7/7/21

U.S. EPA continues to conduct air monitoring and provide guidance and support to the Morris Fire Department and local, state and federal agencies. Inside the Superior Battery building, there is no visible smoke and the north hot spot appears to be mostly extinguished. Thermal imaging from the drone indicated that the south hot spot is still smoldering/reacting. Plans are currently being developed to address the south hot spot in the building. The EPA Emergency & Rapid Response Services (ERRS) contractor has been mobilized and will assist the Morris Fire Dept with addressing the south hot spot. The ERRS contractor will remove part of the southeast building wall tentatively on Friday so that the Fire Dept can apply water to the area on Saturday. Illinois EPA and U.S. EPA continue to monitor the outfall and have collected water samples today from the I&M Canal outfall and from the water collection trench on the east side of the building (on City property). Air monitoring data continues to be posted in the Documents section. 7/6/21

U.S. EPA continues to monitor outdoor air quality and provide guidance and support to the Morris Fire Department and local, state and federal agencies. Today, the Morris Fire Department entered the Superior Battery building with U.S. EPA/START providing support for air monitoring. Because there are holes in the roof and rain is in the forecast for tomorrow, containers that are alleged to contain batteries but were not impacted by the fire were covered with plastic. The Morris Fire Department applied approximately 20,000 gallons of water over a 45 minute period to the north hot spots (smoldering lithium batteries) inside the building. The hot spots will be reevaluated with thermal cameras tomorrow. Illinois EPA and U.S. EPA continue to monitor the outfall at the I&M Canal. Air and wipe samples from the neighborhood were shipped to the laboratories today for expedited analysis. Air monitoring data continues to be posted in the Documents section.

## 7/5/21

U.S. EPA continues to conduct air monitoring and provide guidance and support to the Morris Fire Department and local, state and federal agencies. As of this morning there are no concerns with off-site air quality. This afternoon there was a short term minor exceedance in particulates detected at the site perimeter at an upwind location. Monitoring will continue on a 24-hr basis.

A drone flyover was completed which included mapping the interior of the Superior Battery building and recording the temperature of the two hot spots. Plans were also made to make a Level B entry into the building on July 6 with the Morris Fire Department. US EPA is conducting wipe sampling of outdoor surfaces in the residential area this afternoon, and also collecting air samples at four locations at the perimeter of the site. The EPA Environmental Response Team (ERT) is providing technical support and equipment for this incident. Illinois EPA and US EPA continue to monitor the outfall at the I&M Canal south east of the site. Air Monitoring Data continues to be posted in the Documents section.

US EPA continues to conduct air monitoring at the site perimeter and in the surrounding neighborhood. US EPA continues to provide guidance and support to the Morris Fire Department and local, state and federal agencies. As of this morning and early afternoon, there are no concerns with off-site air quality. Air monitoring data is posted in the Documents Section of the website. Daily drone flyovers indicate the hot spot temperatures are dropping inside the Superior Battery building. Fire crews remain on standby at the scene. Today Illinois EPA inspected the I&M Canal located 3 blocks southeast of the site and there was no site runoff visible. US EPA is preparing to conduct outdoor wipe sampling in the residential surrounding the site tomorrow. The Illinois EPA is assisting with sampling plan development. The Illinois Department of Public Health (IDPH) is developing action levels for the wipe sampling, air sampling and soil sampling. The wipe sampling will be conducted on pubic and residential properties. Access agreements have been obtained for the sampling as needed. Preparations are underway for another round of ambient air sampling beginning tomorrow afternoon. Tomorrow, the Morris Fire Department and Grundy County are planning another drone flyover to monitor the hot spots and also to conduct mapping (3D imaging) of the building. The Morris Fire Department is planning to cover the batteries in the building unaffected by the fire to protect them from rain that is expected for mid week.

#### 7/3/21

The evacuation order has been lifted as of July 2 at 4 pm. Fire Department monitoring of the site building and the smoldering batteries continues. Occasional occurrences of visible smoke above the hot spot areas in the building are expected to continue for days or weeks. US EPA has four stationary air monitoring stations on the site perimeter. Roving air monitoring is occurring on a 24-hour basis in the neighborhood within two blocks of the site. US EPA and Illinois EPA inspected the storm sewer outfall into the I&M Canal located approximately 3 blocks southeast of the site. There was no site runoff visible. IEPA and the City of Morris have inflatable air bladders staged near the site to plug the storm sewers if firefighting water or rain water begin to accumulated on site. Plans are underway to conduct wipe sampling in the neighborhood on Monday.

#### 7/2/21

The site continues to be monitored by the Fire Departments for flare ups that could occur. US EPA will continue to air monitor while reducing the monitoring footprint closer to the site perimeter. Four air monitoring stations connected to viper are streaming data to the OSC portal. These parameters include: VOCs, LEL, CO, H2S, and O2, total particulates, acid gases/HF.

START has also collected a second round of air samples with Gillian Pumps collecting total metals and alkali dust. Summa canisters were also being collected and sent to a laboratory for analysis.

In anticipation of lifting the evacuation for Morris residents, US EPA continues to reduce the stationary air monitoring footprint to the site perimeter. Also mobile air monitoring will be conducted 24/7 through the July 4 holiday weekend and likely into next week.

Additionally, US EPA has been working with Illinois EPA and the CST, who also are collecting air monitoring data.

#### 6/29 - 7/1 Summary

The Morris Fire Department and numerous other fire departments from across northern Illinois are on site monitoring the fire but are not suppressing the fire with water or fire fighting foam due to the possibility of a violent reaction with the lithium batteries. A mandatory evacuation was issued for all residents within a 1/2 mile radius of the Superior Battery building. The evacuation order was then extended until 4 p.m. on July 2, 2021. The evacuation center is located at First Christian Church, 455 W. Southmor Road in Morris.

US EPA deployed two OSCs and eight START contractors to provide 24-hour, round-the-clock air monitoring and sampling support to the Unified Command. The Morris Fire Chief is the incident commander.

US EPA consulted with Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR), the Illinois Department of Public Health (IDPH), and the Grundy County Health Department to establish action levels/ re-occupancy levels for air monitoring data.

The Interagency Modelling and Atmospheric Assessment Center (IMAAC) provided plume models for the release. This model predicted potential plumes trending to the northeast and southeast from the site, with hazardous, very hazardous, and unhealthy soot levels as well as acid gas/hydrogen fluoride levels that potentially could have extended into residential neighborhoods. Real-time air monitoring data did not show any elevated levels of contaminants in the residential areas outside of the evacuation area above action levels.

US EPA START contractors are performing site perimeter and community air monitoring for volatile organic compounds (VOCs), lower explosive limit (LEL), carbon monoxide (CO), hydrogen sulfide (H2S), oxygen(O2), particulates, and acid gases/hydrogen fluoride. Illinois National Guard Civil Support Team members are also providing air monitoring support for the response by deploying AreaRAEs to monitor VOCs, LEL, CO, H2S, and O2.

Due to the lithium batteries contained within the building, the Morris Fire Department initially planned to let the fire burn itself out. After consulting with experts about lithium battery fire fighting techniques, the fire department decided to apply a dry chemical agent called 'Purple K' with a small amount of water to suppress the fire. At approximately 14:00 on 6/30/21, the fire department removed part of the building wall and gained access to the fire from this location. They discovered a 30 by 40 foot area of burning batteries and applied the 'Purple K' product at approximately 15:30. The Purple K was unsuccessful in extinguishing the fire. After observing no adverse reaction to the application of Purple K and water, the fire department continued to apply water only to the burning area. They applied high flow water to the fire and once the batteries were cooled, the fire department applied Portland cement at approximately 18:00. The 30 by 40 foot battery area was covered with Portland cement as well as a few hot spots within the building. The fire department completed application of cement at approximately 23:00 on 6/30/21 and have not observed any significant smoke from the batteries since. Solar panels, lead/acid batteries, nickel cadmium batteries, and roofing materials were also reportedly inside the building. It is likely that the roofing materials burned in the fire.

Illinois EPA is assessing the storm drains and outfalls to the I&M Canal and the Illinois River for potential runoff. None has been detected so far.

# 2.1.3 Enforcement Activities, Identity of Potentially Responsible Parties (PRPs)

Jin Zheng is the president of Superior Battery Inc. Superior Battery has been identified as the property owner. An Administrative Settlement Agreement and Order on Consent (ASAOC) has been signed and a Potentially Responsible Party (PRP) cleanup will be initiated at the Site. The Effective Date of the Order is 9/14/2021.

#### 2.1.4 Progress Metrics

Waste Stream	Medium	Quantity	Manifest #	Treatment	Disposal		
Electricity from so Solid waste reuse Solid waste recyc Water Used	ed	r than the el	ectric compan	y N/A 0 0 0			kWh lbs lbs gallons
Electric Company				N/A			
Electricity from el	ectric comp	any		N/A			kWh
Alternative/E-85 Fuel Used			N/A			gallons	
Diesel Fuel Used Unleaded Fuel Us	. ,			0 100			gallons gallons
Metric	(EDDO)			Amount			Units
Green Metrics (E	RRS)						
X Hazmat Entry	Conducted	– Level A, E	3 or C X	Incident or established	Unified Command	Х	Actual air release (not threatened)
X Statutory Exe	mption for \$	2 Million	Х	Statutory E	xemption for 1 Yea	r X	Active fire present
Tribal consult	ation or coo	rdination or	other issues		nal involvement	Х	High media interest
Criminal Char	ges Have B	een Filed*			eather or abnormal		Environmental justice
X DOJ involved				Remote loc	eation		Drinking water impacted
AOC UAO				NPL site	servation issues	Х	Residential impacts Relocation
More than one	e PRP			Essential F	ish Habitat issues	.,	Explosives
fracking, asbe	estos, batter		(e.g.,	involvemen			Radiological
Administrative a	_				<i>)</i> challenges or high		
A design to the design of the second		1 5 4	(DI V	,	ater affected		N/A
CANAPS Info				FPN Numb			N/A
				FPN Ceilin	•		N/A
Estimated volume			Final amou	nt collected		N/A	
Estimated values				Initial amou	int released		N/A
Oil Response Tr					7.1		•
Contaminant(s) of Concern				Number of workers on site 2-10  Metals including lithium, particulate, corrosives			
Stand Alone Assessment				residential	contaminated yards cleaned up workers on site	N/	
					il/sediment cleaned lains and riverbank	_ N	I/A
				capped Gallons of o	oil/water recovered	N	I/A
This is an Integra should overlap.	ted River As	d River Assessment. The numbers					1/A
				Miles of rive	er systems cleaned ored	N	'A

Waste Stream	ste Stream Medium		Manifest #	Treatment	Disposal	
NA						

# 2.2 Planning Section

## 2.2.1 Anticipated Activities

An Administrative Settlement Agreement and Order on Consent (ASAOC) has been signed and a Potentially Responsible Party (PRP) cleanup will be initiated at the Site. EPA will oversee the PRP-lead Time Critical Removal Action.

Work Plans and a Health & Safety Plan will be prepared for the site cleanup.

# 2.2.1.1 Planned Response Activities

See above

# 2.2.1.2 Next Steps

See above

# 2.2.2 Issues

None

# 2.3 Logistics Section

#### 2.4 Finance Section

#### 2.4.1 Narrative

The Superfund Technical Assessment and Response Team (START) contractor is Tetra Tech Inc.

The Emergency & Rapid Response Services (ERRS) contractor is Environmental Restoration, LLC

#### **Estimated Costs \***

	Budgeted	Total To Date	Remaining	% Remaining				
Extramural Costs								
ERRS - Cleanup Contractor	\$50,000.00	\$43,000.00	\$7,000.00	14.00%				
START	\$435,000.00 \$397,000.00		\$38,000.00	8.74%				
Intramural Costs								
Total Site Costs	\$485,000.00	\$440,000.00	\$45,000.00	9.28%				

<sup>\*</sup> The above accounting of expenditures is an estimate based on figures known to the OSC at the time this report was written. The OSC does not necessarily receive specific figures on final payments made to any contractor(s). Other financial data which the OSC must rely upon may not be entirely up-to-date. The cost accounting provided in this report does not necessarily represent an exact monetary figure which the government may include in any claim for cost recovery.

#### 2.5 Other Command Staff

### 2.5.1 Safety Officer

Morris Fire Dept

### 2.5.2 Liaison Officer

#### 2.5.3 Information Officer

PIO- Stan Knudson, City of Morris

#### 3. Participating Entities

### 3.1 Unified Command

see below

#### 3.2 Cooperating Agencies

EPA Region 5 U.S. DOT **US Coast Guard** 

Illinois EPA

Illinois State Police

Illinois Emergency Management Agency

Illinois National Guard 5th Civil Support Team (CST)

Illinois Mutual Aid Box Alarm System

**Grundy County Sheriff** 

Grundy County EMA Grundy County Health Department

Morris Fire Dept

Morris Police Dept

Morris Mayor's Office

Red Cross

# 4. Personnel On Site

EPA: 0-1 START: 0 ERRS: 0

Morris Fire Dept. Morris Police Dept.

### 5. Definition of Terms

No information available at this time.

# 6. Additional sources of information

### 6.1 Internet location of additional information/report

response.epa.gov/morrislithiumbatteryfire

# 6.2 Reporting Schedule

This is the Final POLREP for the Emergency Response Phase of the incident. POLREPs will be provided for the Time-Critical PRP-lead Cleanup Phase when site cleanup activities begin.

#### 7. Situational Reference Materials

response.epa.gov/morrislithiumbatteryfire (Emergency Response Phase)

A new website will be established for the Time-Critical Removal Phase